School Nursing Life-Threatening Allergy EAP

Medications may be administered at school by school personnel when necessary for school attendance. This completed				
form, along with the medication and/or special equipment items are to be brought to the school by the parent/guardian. TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENT/GUARDIAN				
I, the parent/guardian of				
Please complete attached life threatening allergy plan, or submit a current plan already on file in physician office.				
Signature of Parent/Guardian: Relationship: Date: Emergency Contact Phone Number				

Allergy and Anaphylaxis Emergency Plan

Parent/Guardian Authorization Signature



Child's name: Dat	te of plan: Attach			
Date of birth:/ Age Weight:	kg child's photo			
Child has allergy to				
Child has asthma. ☐ Yes ☐ No (If yes, higher chance severe reaction) Child has had anaphylaxis. ☐ Yes ☐ No Child may carry medicine. ☐ Yes ☐ No Child may give him/herself medicine. ☐ Yes ☐ No (If child refuses/is unable to self-treat, an adult must give medicine)				
IMPORTANT REMINDER Anaphylaxis is a potentially life-threating, severe allergic reaction. If in doubt, give epinephrine.				
For Severe Allergy and Anaphylaxis What to look for	Give epinephrine! What to do			
If child has ANY of these severe symptoms after eating the food or having a sting, give epinephrine. • Shortness of breath, wheezing, or coughing • Skin color is pale or has a bluish color • Weak pulse • Fainting or dizziness • Tight or hoarse throat • Trouble breathing or swallowing • Swelling of lips or tongue that bother breathing • Vomiting or diarrhea (if severe or combined with other symptoms) • Many hives or redness over body • Feeling of "doom," confusion, altered consciousness, or agitation □ SPECIAL SITUATION: If this box is checked, child has an extremely severe allergy to an insect sting or the following food(s): Even if child has MILD symptoms after a sting or eating these foods, give epinephrine.	 Inject epinephrine right away! Note time when epinephrine was given. Call 911. Ask for ambulance with epinephrine. Tell rescue squad when epinephrine was given. Stay with child and: Call parents and child's doctor. Give a second dose of epinephrine, if symptoms get worse, continue, or do not get better in 5 minutes. Keep child lying on back. If the child vomits or has trouble breathing, keep child lying on his or her side. Give other medicine, if prescribed. Do not use other medicine in place of epinephrine. Antihistamine Inhaler/bronchodilator 			
For Mild Allergic Reaction What to look for If child has had any mild symptoms, monitor child. Symptoms may include: • Itchy nose, sneezing, itchy mouth • A few hives • Mild stomach nausea or discomfort	Monitor child What to do Stay with child and: • Watch child closely. • Give antihistamine (if prescribed). • Call parents and child's doctor. • If symptoms of severe allergy/anaphylaxis develop, use epinephrine. (See "For Severe Allergy and Anaphylaxis.")			
Medicines/Doses Epinephrine, intramuscular (list type):				

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Physician/HCP Authorization Signature

Date

Allergy and Anaphylaxis Emergency Plan



Child's name:	Date of plai	n:
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Additional Instructions:		
	•	
Contacts		
Call 911 / Rescue squad: ()		
Doctor:		Phone: (
Parent/Guardian:		Phone: ()
Parent/Guardian:		Phone: ()
		,
Other Emergency Contacts		
Name/Relationship:		Dhana (
Name/Netationship.		Phone: ()
Name/Relationship:		Phone: ()

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